# AGEC Meeting July 29, 2020







#### **AGENDA**

- 1. Welcome & Introductions
- 2. Disproportionality and the Alternate Assessment
  - a. Why Focus on Disproportionality
  - b. Definition
  - c. State Level Data on Disproportionality
  - d. Risk Ratio
  - e. State Guidance Document

# Why Focus on Disproportionality 1% Cap







# Why Focus on Disproportionality?

#### **ESSA Requirements**

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015 requires states to apply for a waiver prior to the testing window if they think they will go over the 1% participation rate cap for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities taking an AA-AAAS (34 CFR 200.6(c)(2)).

Guidance for Examining Disproportionality of Student Group Participation in Alternate Assessments https://nceo.umn.edu/docs/OnlinePubs/NCEOBrief18.pdf



#### Delaware's Waiver Extension Results

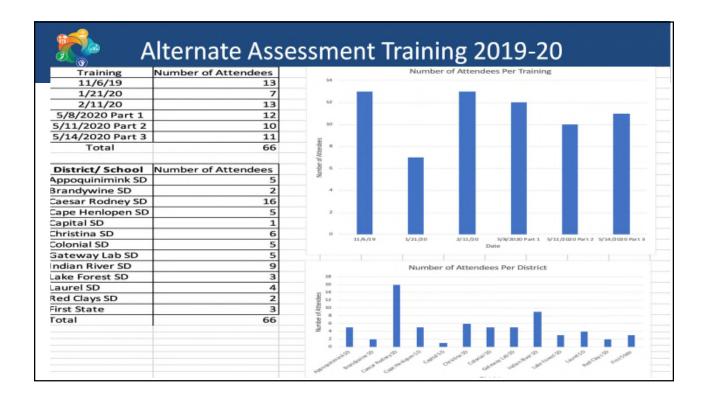
1% Cap Decision: Received, February 18, 2020

- DE did not assess 95% of all Students with Disabilities in all three subject areas
- DE did not assess 95% of all students on the Science Assessment
- DE did not demonstrate that it reduced the rates of students taking the alternate assessment
- DE did not demonstrate substantial progress in achieving the plan and timeline



#### Delaware's Actions 2019-2020

- LEAs were required to complete 95% Participation Plans
- Creation of the Alternate Assessment Participation Decision Making Workshop
- Adoption of Delaware's Definition of Students with Significant Cognitive Disabilities
- Revised the State Guidelines
- Created a Companion Guide to the State Guidelines





### Why Focus on Disproportionality?

#### **ESSA Requirements**

Part of a state's waiver application is **verifying and addressing disproportionality** in the identification of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.

Specifically, the state must provide evidence that it has verified that each LEA

- (1) followed the state's guidelines for participation in the AA-AAAS; and
- (2) will address any disproportionality in the percentage of students in any subgroup under section 1111(c)(2)(A), (B), or (D) of the Act taking an AA-AAAS (34 CFR 200.6(d)), consistent with section 612(a)(16) (C) of the IDEA.

Guidance for Examining Disproportionality of Student Group Participation in Alternate Assessments https://nceo.umn.edu/docs/OnlinePubs/NCEOBrief18.pdf

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### Delaware's Waiver Extension Results

1% Cap Decision: Received, February 18, 2020

• DE did not verify that LEAs will address disproportionality.



# Delaware's Next Steps

1% Cap Decision: Received, February 18, 2020

- Examine subgroup participation trends across the LEAs
- Examine state level data on disproportionality.



### Why Focus on Disproportionality?

#### **ESSA Requirements**

These student groups include seven racial and ethnic groups

- White
- Black or African American
- Hispanic
- Native American
- Alaska Native, Asian
- Pacific Islander
- Multiracial
- socio-economic status
- · English learners.

The state must also provide a **plan and timeline** with clear, actionable steps and milestones for how the state will address any disproportionality in the percentage of students taking an AA-AAAS.

Guidance for Examining Disproportionality of Student Group Participation in Alternate Assessments https://nceo.umn.edu/docs/OnlinePubs/NCEOBrief18.pdf



### **Disproportionality Defined**

Disproportionality exists when there are atypical differences in the proportions of participants from a student group who take the alternate assessment in comparison to the general assessment.

It is an inquiry into whether certain groups are over- or under-identified as having a significant cognitive disability.

Guidance for Examining Disproportionality of Student Group Participation in Alternate Assessments https://nceo.umn.edu/docs/OnlinePubs/NCEOBrief18.pdf

### **District Level Data**







# **Longitudinal Trends**

**Step 1: Determine an Approach for Detecting Atypical Values** 

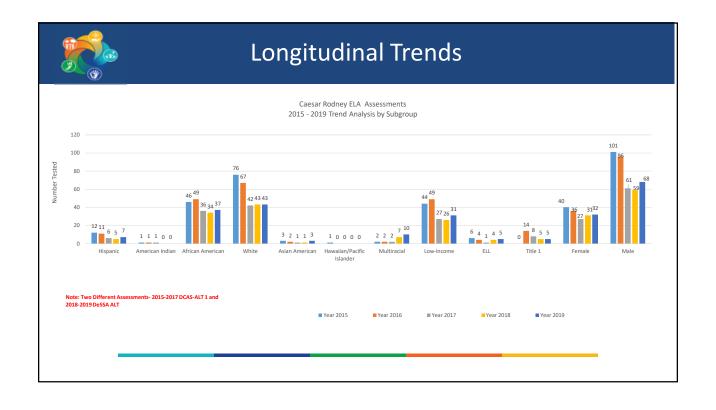
#### **Delaware's Approach**

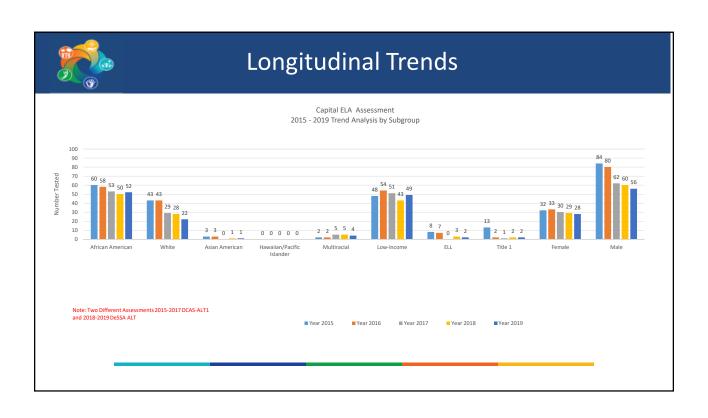
#### **Multi-Year Analyses: Longitudinal Trends**

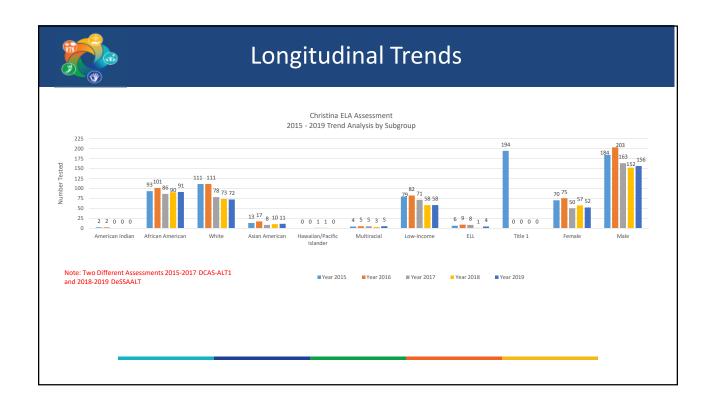
- Use can Reduce issues related to small sample sizes
- Allows the examination of magnitude of change

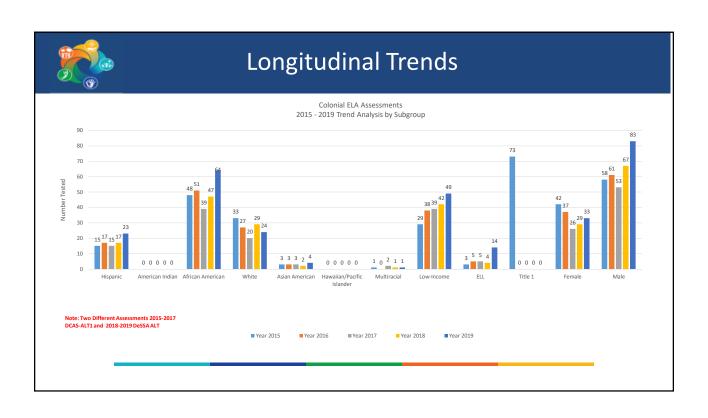
#### **Our Actions:**

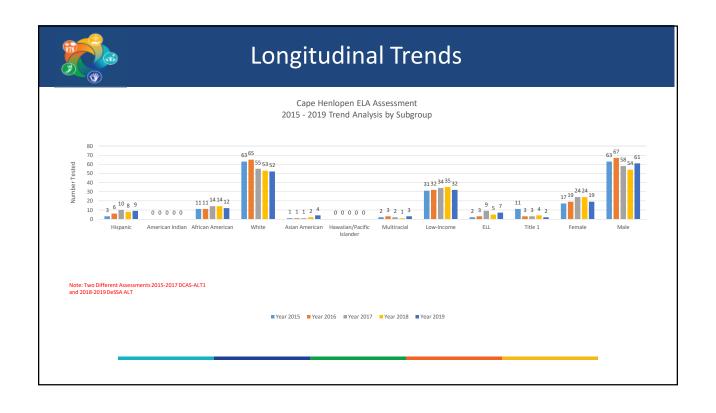
- Focus on 7 districts in Level 2 Status
- Compared district subgroup participation rates over the past 5 years
  - 2015-2019
  - ELA, Math and Science

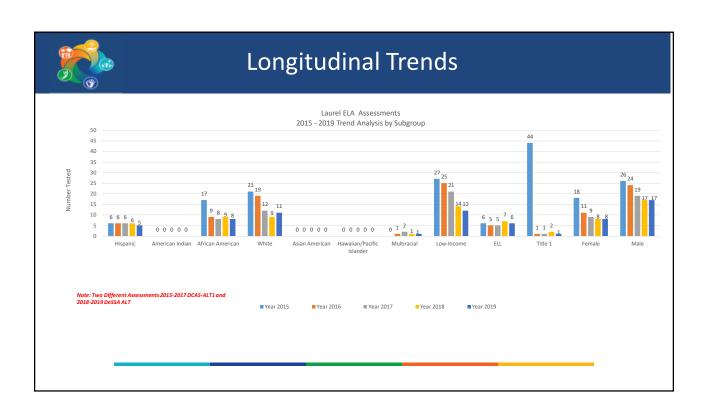














# **Longitudinal Trends**

#### **Step 2: Determine Focus Areas:**

Following Examination of Participation Patterns

- African-Americans
- Low-Income
- Males

# State Level Data







#### State Level Data

Assumption is that there should be **similar proportions** of students with significant cognitive disabilities from across race/ethnicity categories, FRL status and EL status **compared to the general population**.



# **Exploring Disproportionality**

#### Step 1: Establish participation rate for each Focal Group

- Use of multi-year data
- Addresses the issue of small n-size challenges

#### **Step 2**: Calculate the Test Statistic

- Difference in proportions quantify the difference between alternate participation minus the "expected proportion".
- Risk Ratio relative risk.



### **Exploring Disproportionality**

#### Step 3: Determine if the difference is meaningful

- Determine whether the difference in proportions or risk ratio is meaningful
- Compute a confidence interval determine if the test statistic is outside the interval for a desired level of confidence
- Assume a 95% confidence interval



### **Exploring Disproportionality**

#### Questions to consider

- Are there pronounced differences between the results in the current year compared to previous years?
- Are there distinct differences for one or more focal groups compared to results from other entities?
- Are the results consistent with available literature/research base?
- Are there contextual factors that should be taken into account?

#### Caution

Differences in student group participation rates based on small n-sizes may appear as large differences in proportions or relative risk ratios.

LA	2017			2018			2019		
	Total Number of Students Assessed	Total Number Assessed in Alternate Assessment	% Taking State Alternate Assessment	Total Number of Students Assessed	Total Number Assessed in Alternate Assessment	%Taking State Alternate Assessment	Total Number of Students Assessed	Total Number Assessed in Alternate Assessment	%Taking State Alternate Assessment
All Students	73611	1055	1.43	73491	1054	1.43	73287	1061	1.45
Male	37494	715	1.91	37300	718	1.92	37178	741	1.99
African American	22709	411	1.81	22689	422	1.86	22530	432	1.92
Low-Income	27440	435	1.59	25801	402	1.56	24531	416	1.7



# Focal Group: Males in ELA and Math

Step 1: Determine the Participation Rate

ELA and Math				Three Year
Male	2017	2018	2019	Total
Total AA-AAAS				
participants	1055	1054	1061	3170
Number of focal				
group participants	715	718	741	2174
Number of non-				
focal group				
participants	340	336	320	996
Percent of focal				
group participants	67.77%	68.12%	69.84%	68.58%

Step 2: Determine the Difference in Proportions and Risk Ratio

		Non-AA-
<b>ELA and Math</b>	AA-AAAS	AAAS
Male	<b>Participants</b>	Students
Focal Group	2174	111972
Non-Focal		
Group	996	108417
Total	3170	220389
Focal Group		
Proportions		
(%)	68.58%	50.81%

**Difference in Proportion is 17.77%** 

Risk Ratio	1.35
Ln(RR)	0.299982528
Confidence	
Level	1.96
1-p1	31.42%
n1p1	2174.00
1-p2	49.19%
n2p2	111972
Error	0.023918229
Ln Upper	0.323900757
Ln Lower	0.276064298
EXP Upper	1.382510096
EXP Lower	1.317932602



### Focal Group: Males in Science

Step 1: Determine the Participation Rate

SCIENCE-				Three Year
Male	2017	2018	2019	Total
Total AA-AAAS				
participants	489	489	469	1447
Number of focal				
group participants	331	331	314	976
Number of non-				
focal group				
participants	158	158	155	471
Percent of focal				
group participants	67.69%	67.69%	66.95%	67.45%

Step 2: Determine the Difference in Proportions and Risk Ratio

SCIENCE- Male	AA-AAAS Participants	Non-AA- AAAS Students
Focal Group	976	48173
Non-Focal		
Group	471	46404
Total	1447	94577
Focal Group		
Proportions		
(%)	67.45%	50.94%

Difference in Proportion is 16.51%

Risk Ratio	1.32
Ln(RR)	0.280830479
Confidence	
Level	1.96
1-p1	32.55%
n1p1	976.00
1-p2	49.06%
n2p2	48173
Error	0.036336216
Ln Upper	0.317166695
Ln Lower	0.244494263
EXP Upper	1.373231464
FYD Lower	1 276975337



# Focal Group: Males in ELA and Math

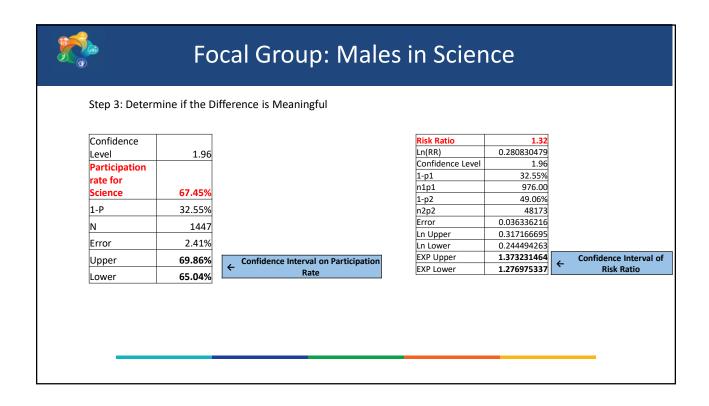
Step 3: Determine if the Difference is Meaningful

Confidence	
Level	1.96
Participation	
Rate for ELA and	
Math	68.58%
1-P	31.42%
N	3170
Error	1.62%
Upper	70.20%
Lower	66.96%

Confidence Interval on Participation Rate

Risk Ratio	1.35
Ln(RR)	0.299982528
Confidence Level	1.96
1-p1	31.42%
n1p1	2174.00
1-p2	49.19%
n2p2	111972
Error	0.023918229
Ln Upper	0.323900757
Ln Lower	0.276064298
EXP Upper	1.382510096
FXP Lower	1.317932602

Confidence Interval of Risk Ratio



ELA-				Three Year	Step 1: Determine the Pa	articipatio	n Rate		
African American	2017	2018	2019	Total					Three Yea
Total AA-AAAS					SCIENCE-African American	2017	2018	2019	Total
participants	1055	1054	1061	3170	Total AA-AAAS participants	489	489	469	1447
Number of focal group					Number of focal group				
participants	411	422	432	1265	participants	183	183	180	546
					Number of non-focal group				
Number of non-focal		600	600	4005	participants	306	306	289	901
group participants	644	632	629	1905	Percent of focal group				
Percent of focal group					participants	37.42%	37.42%	38.38%	37.73%
participants	38.96%	40.04%	40.72%	39.91%					
	1			<b>-</b> 1					
	2047	2040	2040	Three Year					
MATH-African American	2017	2018	2019	Total					
Total AA-AAAS	1055	1054	1001	2170					
participants	1055	1054	1061	3170					
Number of focal group	411	423	433	1267					
participants Number of non-focal	411	423	433	1267					
	644	631	628	1903					
group participants	044	031	028	1903					
Percent of focal group	20.000	40 430/	40.010/	20.070/					
participants	38.96%	40.13%	40.81%	39.97%					



### Focal Group: African-Americans

Steps 2-3: Determine the Difference in Proportions and Meaning

		Non-AA-
ELA- African	AA-AAAS	AAAS
American	<b>Participants</b>	Students
Focal Group	1265	67928
Non-Focal		
Group	1903	152451
Total	3168	220379
Focal Group		
Proportions		
(%)	39.93%	30.82%

MATH-		Non-AA-				
African	AA-AAAS	AAAS				
American	<b>Participants</b>	Students				
Focal Group	1267	67980				
Non-Focal						
Group	1903	153193				
Total	3170	221173				
Focal Group						
Proportions						
(%)	39.97%	30.74%				
Difference in Proportion is 9 23%						

SCIENCE-		Non-AA-	
African	AA-AAAS	AAAS	
American	<b>Participants</b>	Students	
Focal Group	546	29127	
Non-Focal			
Group	901	65450	
Total	1447	94577	
Focal Group			
Proportions			
(%)	37.73%	30.80%	
Difference in Proportion is 6.93%			

Difference in Proportion is 9.11%

Confidence		
Level	1.96	
Р	39.93%	
1-P	60.07%	
N	3168	
Error	1.71%	
Upper	41.64%	
Lower	38.23%	ľ

P 1-P N Error Uppe Confidence Interval on Participation Rate → Lower

 Confidence
 1.96

 Level
 1.96

 P
 39.97%

 1-P
 60.03%

 N
 3170

 Error
 1.71%

 Upper
 41.67%

 Lower
 38.26%

← Confidence Interval on Participation Rate →

Confidence

 Confidence

 Level
 1.96

 P
 37.73%

 1-P
 62.27%

 N
 1447

 Error
 2.50%

 Upper
 40.23%

 Lower
 35.24%



# Focal Group: African-Americans

Step 2-3: Determine the Risk Ratio and Meaning

Risk Ratio for ELA	1.30	
Ln(RR)	0.2588721	
Confidence Level	1.96	
1-p1	99.60%	
n1p1	1265.00	
1-p2	69.18%	
n2p2	67928	
Error	0.0553519	
Ln Upper	0.314224	
Ln Lower	0.2035202	
EXP Upper	1.3691964	Confid
EXP Lower	1.2257099	← Interva
		MISK IV

Risk Ratio for	
Math	1.30
Ln(RR)	0.262652
Confidence Level	1.96
1-p1	60.03%
n1p1	1267.00
1-p2	99.69%
n2p2	67980
Error	0.0433188
Ln Upper	0.3059708
Ln Lower	0.2193332
EXP Upper	1.3579426
EXP Lower	1.2452461

Risk Ratio for	
Science	1.23
Ln(RR)	0.203119988
Confidence Level	1.96
1-p1	62.27%
n1p1	546.00
1-p2	69.20%
n2p2	29127
Error	0.224091922
Ln Upper	0.427211909
Ln Lower	-0.020971934
EXP Upper	1.458389015
EXP Lower	0.979246447

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# Focal Group: Low-Income

ELA-Economically				Three
Disadvantaged	2017	2018	2019	Year Total
Total AA-AAAS				
participants	1055	1054	1061	3170
Number of focal				
group participants	435	402	416	1253
Number of non-focal				
group participants	620	652	645	1917
Percent of focal group	41.23			
participants	%	38.14%	39.21%	39.53%

MATH-Economically				Three
Disadvantaged	2017	2018	2019	Year Total
Total AA-AAAS				
participants	1055	1054	1061	3170
Number of focal				
group participants	435	402	417	1254
Number of non-focal				
group participants	620	652	644	1916
Percent of focal group	41.23			
participants	%	38.14%	39.30%	39.56%

step 1:	Determine	tne	Participation	Rate

SCIENCE-				
Economically				Three
Disadvantaged	2017	2018	2019	Year Total
Total AA-AAAS				
participants	489	489	469	1447
Number of focal				
group participants	215	215	183	613
Number of non-				
focal group				
participants	274	274	286	834
Percent of focal				
group participants	43.97%	43.97%	39.02%	42.36%



# Focal Group: Low-Income

Steps 2-3: Determine the Difference in Proportions and Meaning

	Non-AA-
AA-AAAS	AAAS
Participants	Students
1253	77772
1917	142617
3170	220389
39.53%	35.29%
	Participants

Difference	in	Proportion	is	4.24%	
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in Proportion is
1.96
39.53%
60.47%
3170
1.70%
41.23%
37.82%

MATH-		Non-AA-
Economically	AA-AAAS	AAAS
Disadvantaged	<b>Participants</b>	Students
Focal Group	1254	77847
Non-Focal		
Group	1916	143336
Total	3170	221183
Focal Group		
Proportions		
(%)	39.56%	35.20%

Difference in Proportion is 4.36%

	Confidence	
	Level	1.96
	Р	39.56%
	1-P	60.44%
	N	3170
	Error	1.70%
Confidence Interval on	Upper	41.26%
Participation Rate >	Lower	37.86%

	39.56%		Р
	60.44%		1-P
	3170		N
r	1.70%		Error
er	41.26%	, confidence interval on	Upper
er	37.86%	← Participation Rate →	Lower

SCIENCE-		Non-AA-
Economically	AA-AAAS	AAAS
Disadvantaged	<b>Participants</b>	Students
Focal Group	613	31605
Non-Focal		
Group	834	62972
Total	1447	94577
Focal Group		
Proportions		
(%)	42.36%	33.42%

Difference in Proportion is 8.94%

	Confidence	
	Level	1.96
	P	42.36%
	1-P	57.64%
	N	1447
	Error	2.55%
on	Upper	44.91%
<b>→</b>	Lower	39.82%



### Focal Group: African-Americans

Step 2-3: Determine the Risk Ratio and Meaning

Risk Ratio for	
ELA	1.12
Ln(RR)	0.113421786
Confidence Level	1.96
1-p1	99.60%
n1p1	1253.00
1-p2	64.71%
n2p2	77772
Error	0.055549688
Ln Upper	0.168971474
Ln Lower	0.057872097
EXP Upper	1.184086361
EXP Lower	1.059579464

Risk Ratio for	
Math	1.12
Ln(RR)	0.116851906
Confidence	
Level	1.96
1-p1	60.44%
n1p1	1254.00
1-p2	0.996480426
n2p2	77847
Error	0.043598051
Ln Upper	0.160449957
Ln Lower	0.073253854
EXP Upper	1.174039019
EXP Lower	1.07600365

Risk Ratio for	
Science	1.27
Ln(RR)	0.237216191
Confidence Level	1.96
1-p1	57.64%
n1p1	613.00
1-p2	0.665827844
n2p2	31605
Error	0.060769595
Ln Upper	0.297985786
Ln Lower	0.176446596
EXP Upper	1.347142639
EXP Lower	1.192970716

Confidence

← Interval of Risk Ratio →



### **AGEC Open Discussion**

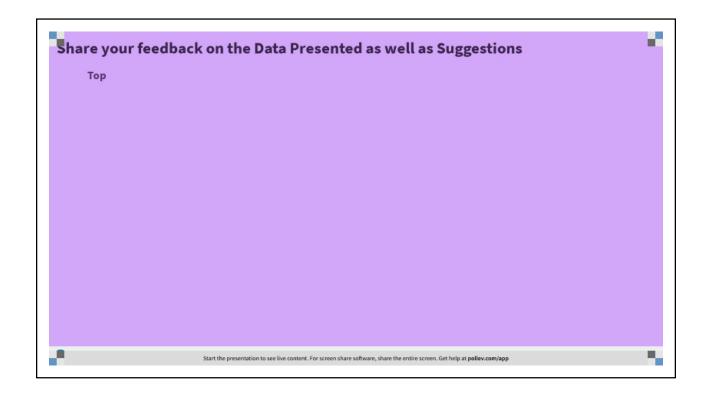
Suggestions/Feedback on the Data

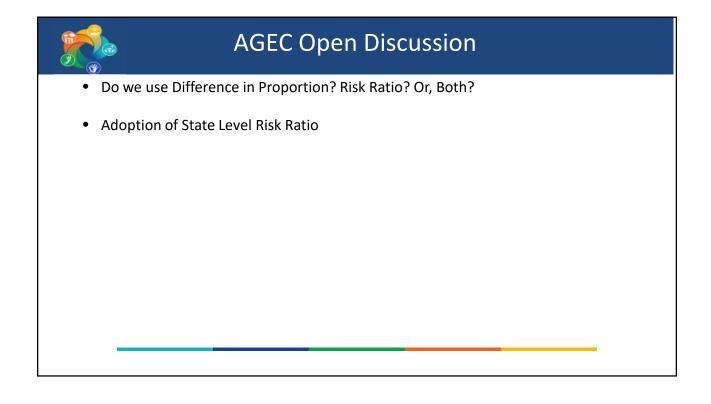
Confidence

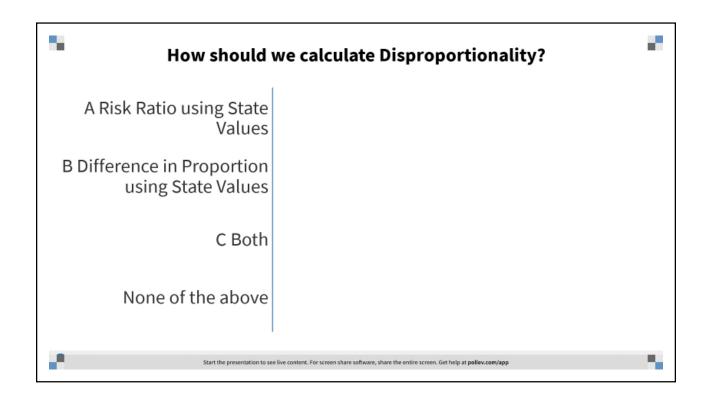
← Interval of

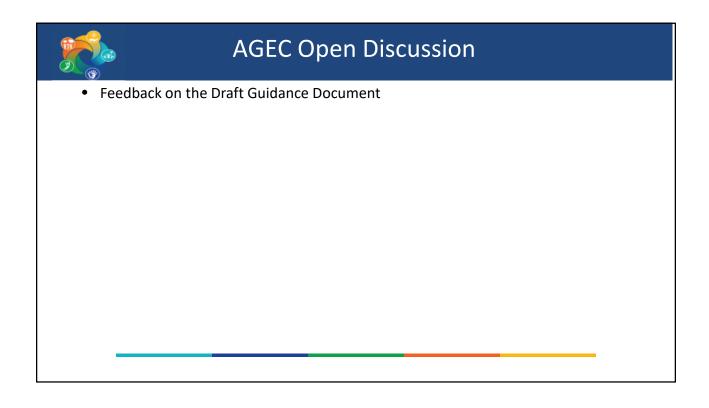
- Additional Data suggestions
- Disseminating information

Poll Title: Share your feedback on the Data Presented as well as Suggestions etc. https://www.polleverywhere.com/discourses/avMbvVs7O4GZI7ZIpDnNB









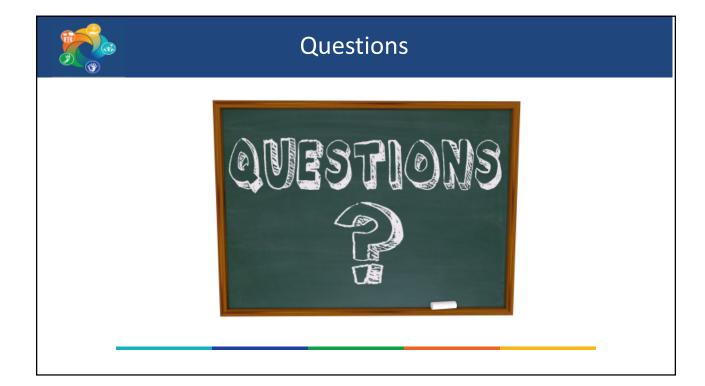


#### Resources

Guidance for Examining District Alternate Assessment Participation Rates  $\underline{https://nceo.umn.edu/docs/OnlinePubs/NCEO1percentBrief.pdf}$ 

Guidance for Examining Disproportionality of Student Group Participation in Alternate Assessments  $\underline{https://nceo.umn.edu/docs/OnlinePubs/NCEOBrief18.pdf}$ 

Guidance for Examining Participation Rates and Disproportionality  $\underline{https://vimeo.com/325082455}$ 





#### **Contact Information**

Michelle Jackson, Education Associate, Special Populations, DDOE Office of Assessment

Michelle.Jackson@doe.k12.de.us

Susan Veenema, Education Associate, IDEA Implementation, DDOE Exceptional Children's Workgroup

Susan.Veenema@doe.k12.de.us